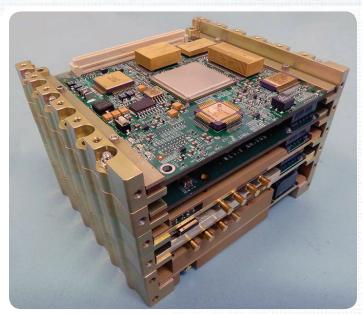
IRIS

DEEP SPACE SMALL SATELLITE RADIO



With nanosatellites being used for deep space missions, the need for a unique communications architecture to relay valuable mission data back to NASA's Deep Space Network (DSN) is vital.

To meet this need, the Jet Propulsion Laboratory designed the Iris deep space small satellite radio. Iris is a software-defined telecommunications subsystem designed specifically for orbits beyond LEO, such as MEO, GEO, Lunar, and interplanetary missions.

Iris uses an environmentally robust architecture, including radiation-tolerant parts needed for deep space, multi-year missions. The design incorporates the advanced thermal management needed for navigation tracking sessions of several hours.

The Space Dynamics Laboratory is responsible for fabricating and testing the Iris radios in our NASA-certified facilities and providing mission support.

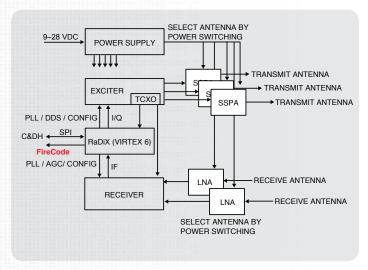
FEATURES

- · Configurable software-defined coherent transponder
- DSN capability at X-band frequencies for command, telemetry & navigation
- · Passive (conductive) thermal dissipation
- Radiation-tolerant parts for extended deep space missions
- · Targeted for Class D space flight projects
- CCSDS compatible
- Transponder Volume: ~0.5 U
- **Mass:** 1.1 kg
- Output Power: 35 W DC power consumption at 3.8 W RF
- X-band: 7.2 GHz uplink, 8.4 GHz downlink

EXTENSION SUPPORT

Iris can easily be extended and adapted to new capabilities due to its hardware slice architecture and reconfigurable software and firmware.

- Radio science support (atmospheric & media measurements & occultations, gravity fields, radars & radiometers)
- · Ka-band, S-band, UHF options with additional NRE
- Disruption/Delay Tolerant Networking (DTN)
- Proximity operations Near Earth Network (NEN) compatibility
- · Space Network (SN) compatibility



Iris V2.1 Block Diagram





Input Supply Power

GENERAL SPECIFICATION	ONS	
Network Compatibility	DSN, NEN ^[1] , SN ^[1]	
Design Lifetime	3 years	
Frequency Bands	X-band, UHF receive, Ka ^[1] , S ^[1] , UHF transmit [[]	
Envelope	101 x 101 x 56 mm	
LNA Envelope	69 x 48 x 13 mm	
SSPA Envelope	87 x 43 x 18 mm	
Operating Temperature	-20°C to +50°C	
Solid State Power Amplifier	3 RF paths, dedicated to 3 antennas, path selectable via power switching	
Low Noise Receive Amplifier	2 RF paths, dedicated to 2 antennas, path selectable via power switching	
Voltage-Controlled Oscillator (VCO)	Internal Temperature Controlled Crystal Oscillator (TCXO)	
Ranging Delay Variation	<±30 nsec	
Telemetry Symbol Rates (downlink)	• From 62.5 bps to 8.192 M ^[1] semaphores — (< 62.5 bps) ^[1] • Other arbitrary rates ^[1]	
Subcarriers (downlink)	 25 kHz 281.25 kHz Arbitrary subcarriers to 10 MHz^[1] Direct carrier modulation 	
FPGA	Virtex 6	
СРИ	Gaisler LEON3-FT	
Memory	32 Mbit non-volatile NOR-Flash (radiation tolerant) 16 Mbit volatile SRAM (radiation tolerant) 4 Mbit volatile EDAC SRAM (radiation tolerant)	
Interface	Point-to-point SPI or SpaceWire[1]	
Carrier Loop BW	Configurable (100 Hz typical)	
Command Uplink Rates (bps)	• From 62.5 PM/PSK/NRZ to 8000 • Other arbitrary rates ⁽¹⁾	
Command Uplink Subcarriers	16 kHz Direct carrier modulation Arbitrary subcarriers ⁽¹⁾	
Command/Telemetry	Command & telemetry dictionary, configurable ^[1] Uplink: TC Space Data Link Protocol CCSDS 232.0-B-3 Downlink: AOS Space Data Link Protocol CCSDS 732.0-B-3	
Interface	Uplink: TC Space Data Link Protocol CCSDS 232.0-B-3 Downlink: AOS Space Data Link Protocol	
	Uplink: TC Space Data Link Protocol CCSDS 232.0-B-3 Downlink: AOS Space Data Link Protocol	
Interface	Uplink: TC Space Data Link Protocol CCSDS 232.0-B-3 Downlink: AOS Space Data Link Protocol	
Interface MASS & POWER	Uplink: TC Space Data Link Protocol CCSDS 232.0-B-3 Downlink: AOS Space Data Link Protocol CCSDS 732.0-B-3	
Interface MASS & POWER Transponder Stack Mass	Uplink: TC Space Data Link Protocol CCSDS 232.0-B-3 Downlink: AOS Space Data Link Protocol CCSDS 732.0-B-3 875 g	

	Duttery Connect	0.5	
	X-Receive Only	12.6	
	X-Transmit Only	30.8	
	X-Transmit/Receive	35.0	
TRANSPONDER SPECIF	ICATIONS		
X-band Uplink Frequency Range	• 7.145 – 7.190 GHz (channel assignment programmed in firmware) • 7.190 – 7.235 (near Earth supported)		
X-band Downlink Frequency Range	• 8.400 – 8.450 GHz (channel assignment programmed in firmware) • 8.450 – 8.500 (near Earth supported)		
Other Bands	• S-band: Deep Space ^[1] /near Earth ^[1] • Ka-band: 32/34 GHz Deep Space ^[1] ; 26 GHz near Earth ^[1]		
Coherent Turnaround Ratio X-band	880/749 Standard S- & Ka-band ratios ^[1] , arbitrary ratios ^[1]		
UHF Frequency Range	390–450 MHz receive, transmit ^[1]		
RECEIVER SPECIFICATI	ONS		
Noise Figure	5 dB X-band & UHF		
Carrier Tracking Signal Range	−70 to −130 dBm		
Tracking Range	100 MHz		
Ranging Filter Type	Digital		
Ranging Filter	1500 kHz		
EXCITER (X-BAND)			
8.4 GHz Output Power Solid-State Power Amplifyer (SSPA)	3.8 W BOL (–15 dBm drive from Exciter)		
X-band Phase Noise (1 Hz offset) (100 Hz – 100 kHz offset)	• TBM (-20 dBc/Hz) • TBM (-60 dBc/Hz)		
X-band Spurious & Harmonic Outputs	< -40 dBc (-60 dBc at SSPA)		
TLM Encoding	• Convolutional 7-1/2 • Manchester, bi-phase & bypass (NRZ) • Reed Solomon (255,223) • Turbo 1/2 • Turbo 1/3 • Turbo 1/6, block size 8920 bits		
TLM Phase Deviation	0° to 180°		
Diff 1-Way Ranging	X-band 2F1: 19.2 MHz 17.5° typical		

0.5-35 W (see power states)

ModeBattery Connect

DC Input (W)

0.5



 $[\]ensuremath{^{\text{[1]}}}\text{Capability}$ supportable with additional NRE.